

Debunking Design Flaws in PHP Code using Static Call Graphs

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Agenda

- Motivation
- PHPCallGraph
- Results
- 3D Exploration with the CGA framework
- Conclusion

Motivation

- When working with large software systems:
 - Hard to get an overview of the system
 - High number of dependencies
 - Reading complete source code takes too much time
 - Even harder if its not your own code
- Automatic visualization of dependencies could help to handle the complexity

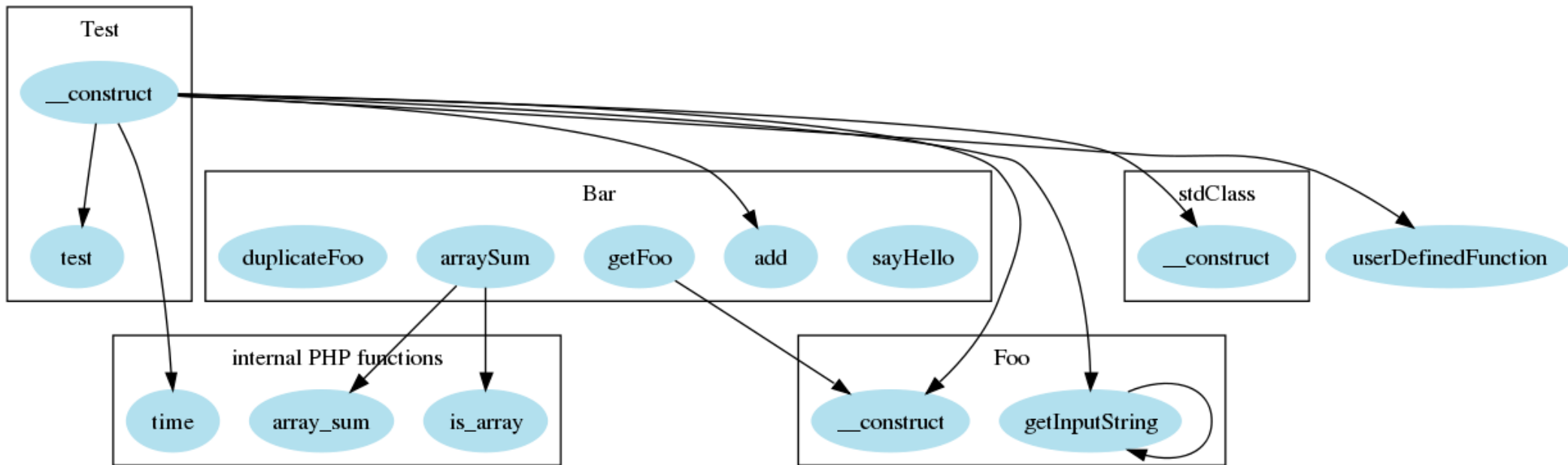
PHPCallGraph: First Prototype

- Static call graph generator for PHP
- 50 lines of PHP code
- Source code parsing with regular expressions
 - Lead to several bugs
- Graph rendering with DOT
 - Part of open source GraphViz framework for visualization of directed and undirected graphs

PHPCallGraph: Improvements

- Leveraging InstantSVC CodeAnalyzer
- Parsing of method bodies with PHP's Tokenizer
- DOT generation through PEAR package Image_GraphViz by Sebastian Bergmann
- ezcConsoleTools for command line frontend
- Output driver for 3D exploration with CGA

Results



Results

- Design flaws which can be detected
 - Cyclic dependencies
 - Dead code
 - Candidates for refactoring
 - Subclasses
 - Separation of concerns
 - Introduction of visibilities
(especially when migrating from PHP4 to PHP5)

Identifying Candidates for Refactoring



- Real world example:
 - Function library of 55 functions
 - Nearly 2000 lines of code (90KB)
- Call graph shows lots of dependencies => Introduction of several classes

Identifying Candidates for Refactoring



- Real world example:
 - One single class containing 130 methods
 - Over 5000 lines of code (190KB)
- Call graph shows clearly separated clusters
=> Separation into different classes

3D Exploration with CGA

- Framework for analyzing complex software systems
- Focus on various aspects of system dynamics
- Provides elaborate visualization techniques
- Analysis of function level dynamics and long-term system evolution
- Developed by Computer Graphics System group of the Hasso Plattner Institute

3D Exploration with CGA

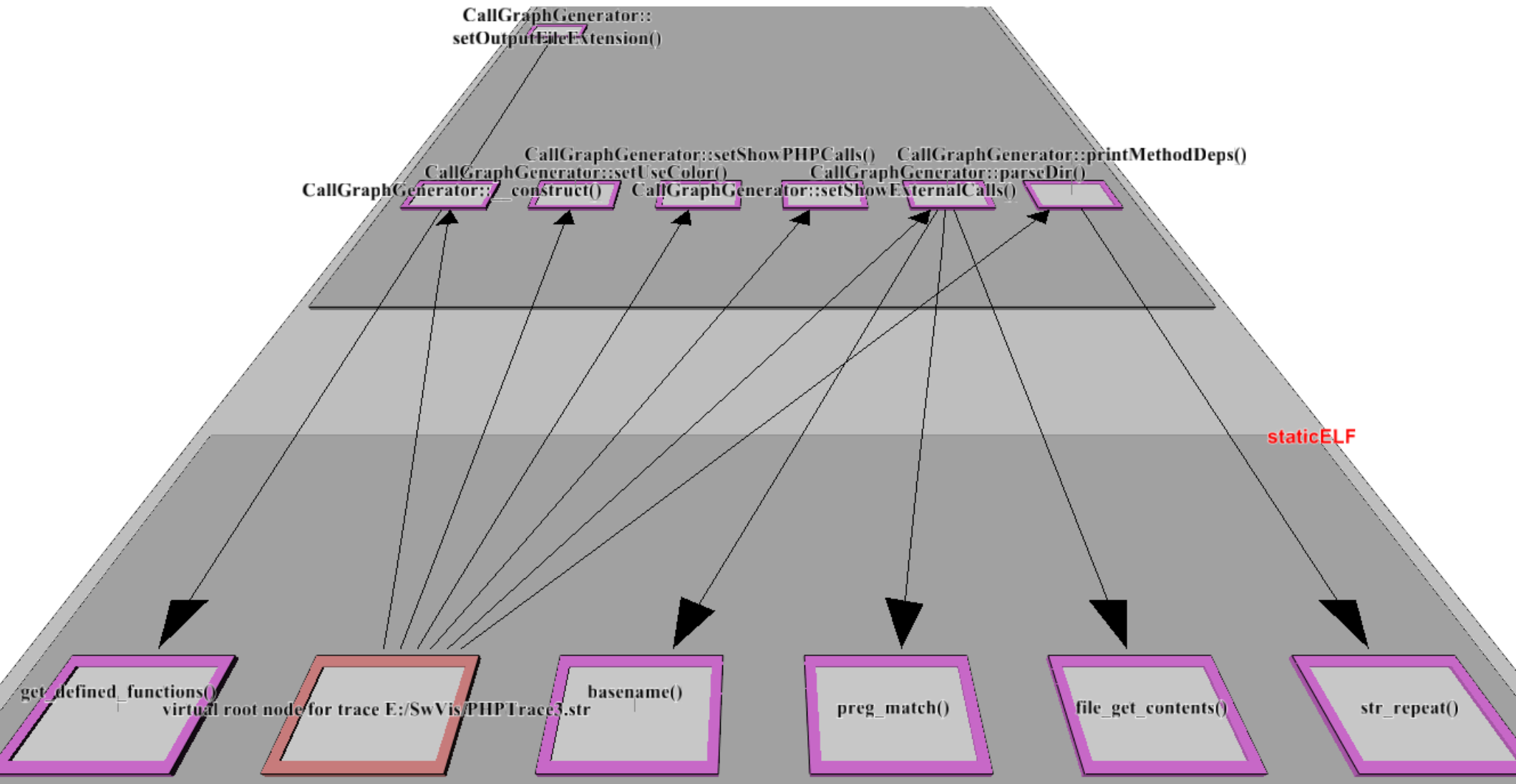
The screenshot displays the CGA (Call Graph Analyzer) application. The main window shows a 3D call graph with nodes representing functions and their call relationships. The nodes are arranged in a perspective view, with arrows indicating the direction of calls. The nodes are labeled with function names and addresses, such as `main`, `A::methodA(i)`, `0x0040580`, `0x0040580`, `0x00407A0`, and `0x00407A0`. The graph is set against a dark background with a grid.

On the left side, there are two panels: "Navigation History" and "Notes". The "Notes" panel contains the text "Next callNodeFrame not implemented yet".

On the right side, there is a "Code" editor showing the source code for a file named `simple.cpp`. The code is as follows:

```
1 #include "File.h"
2 #include "File.h"
3
4 int main(int argc, char** argv) {
5     if (argc > 1) {
6         // ...
7     } else {
8         // ...
9     }
10    return 0;
11 }
12
13
14 }
```

3D Exploration with CGA



Conclusion

- Static call graphs can be leveraged to gain a better understanding of large systems
- Various design flaws can be detected
- Reflection can be used for static analysis

<http://phpcallgraph.sf.net>

<http://instantsvc.sf.net>

<http://cgs.hpi.uni-potsdam.de/trac/cga/>